



# PCORI's Hepatitis C Workshop

*Arlington, Virginia  
October 17, 2014*

Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Institute



## **Breakout Sessions— Discussion and Ranking of CER Questions**

Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Institute



# 1. Care Delivery

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# CER Question 1

- What approaches for linking primary care physicians with specialty teams are most effective in accurately diagnosing and effectively treating patients with hepatitis C, particularly individuals in rural or medically underserved areas?

# CER Question 1

- Target condition
- Target population
- Compared interventions
- Proposed outcome measures (including patient-centered outcomes)
- Study design
- Feasibility of doing the study as outlined. Potential problems
- Possible results and how they might alter practice or policy
- Feasibility of scaling up the intervention to national-level adoption

# CER Question 2

- What is the comparative effectiveness of various team-based approaches versus individual physician treatment to improve medication adherence and cure rates for patients diagnosed with hepatitis C? These may include: intensive case management; intermediate case management; multi-disciplinary clinical management approaches; pharmacy management models, comprehensive medication therapy management; cognitive behavioral therapy, patient navigation?
  - Which subpopulations are the most likely to benefit from these approaches? (e.g., patients at high risk of nonadherence versus those at moderate risk of nonadherence; patients with behavioral health issues and/or substance abuse disorders)

# CER Question 2

- Target condition
- Target population
- Compared interventions
- Proposed outcome measures (including patient-centered outcomes)
- Study design
- Feasibility of doing the study as outlined. Potential problems
- Possible results and how they might alter practice or policy
- Feasibility of scaling up the intervention to national-level adoption

# CER Question 3

- Which healthcare delivery approaches are most effective for screening and treating complex and hard-to-reach HCV-infected individuals, such as the homeless, prison populations, intravenous drug abusers, and HIV-infected individuals?

# CER Question 3

- Target condition
- Target population
- Compared interventions
- Proposed outcome measures (including patient-centered outcomes)
- Study design
- Feasibility of doing the study as outlined. Potential problems
- Possible results and how they might alter practice or policy
- Feasibility of scaling up the intervention to national-level adoption

## CER Question 4

- How do patient-centered outcomes (e.g., cure rate as measured by a sustained virologic response) for HCV patients enrolled in Medicaid programs with restrictive formularies for hepatitis C medications (e.g., prior authorization requirements, step therapy requirements, non-coverage of selected medications, restrictions on combination therapy) or targeted eligibility criteria (e.g., biopsy-proven fibrosis) compare with those enrolled in Medicaid programs with fewer restrictions?

# CER Question 4

- Target condition
- Target population
- Compared interventions
- Proposed outcome measures (including patient-centered outcomes)
- Study design
- Feasibility of doing the study as outlined. Potential problems
- Possible results and how they might alter practice or policy
- Feasibility of scaling up the intervention to national-level adoption



## Lunch

12 – 12:30 PM

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## **Breakout Sessions— Discussion and Ranking of CER Questions (cont'd)**

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# Color Coding

-  Neon Orange: Industry
-  Neon Green: Clinicians
-  Blue: Patients and Coalition
-  Green: Researchers and Federal
-  Yellow: Systems
-  Red: Payers and Purchasers



## Break

2 – 2:30 PM

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