

# Patient Engagement Advisory Panel Spring 2016 Meeting

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**April 11, 2016**

Washington, DC



PATIENT-CENTERED OUTCOMES RESEARCH INSTITUTE

# Agenda

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- 8:30 a.m. Welcome and Review Agenda
- 8:45 a.m. New Staff Introductions
- 9:00 a.m. Q&A with Joe Selby
- 9:45 a.m. Patient Engagement in Action
- 11:00 a.m. Telling the PCORI Engagement Story: Evaluation Update, Models, and Measures
- 11:30 a.m. Lunch & Farewell Ceremony
- 12:30 p.m. Telling the PCORI Engagement Story
- 1:15 p.m. Breakout sessions
- 3:45 p.m. Report Out
- 4:15 p.m. Salesforce Chatter Demonstration
- 4:45 p.m. Wrap-up



# Welcome, Introductions, and Review Agenda

**Jean Slutsky, PA, MSPH**

Chief Engagement and  
Dissemination Officer

**Sue Sheridan, MIM, MBA, DHL**

Director of Patient Engagement

**Charlotte W. Collins, JD**

Chair  
Compensation Subcommittee

**Darius Tandon, PhD**

Chair  
Evaluation Subcommittee



# New Staff Introductions

**Evelyn Whitlock, MD, MPH**

Chief Science Officer

**Joanna Siegel, MS, ScD**

Director of Dissemination and Implementation

**Chinenye Anyanwu, PharmD, MPH**

Engagement Officer

**Sunbo Igbo-Osagie, MHSA, CSSGB**

Program Associate

**William Stewart, Med**

Program Associate



# Q&A with Joe Selby

**Joe Selby, MD, MPH**

Executive Director



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# Patient Engagement in Action

**Charlotte Collins, JD**

Chair



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# **Advancing Meaningful Patient Engagement**

**Marc Boutin**  
**Chief Executive Officer**  
April 11, 2016

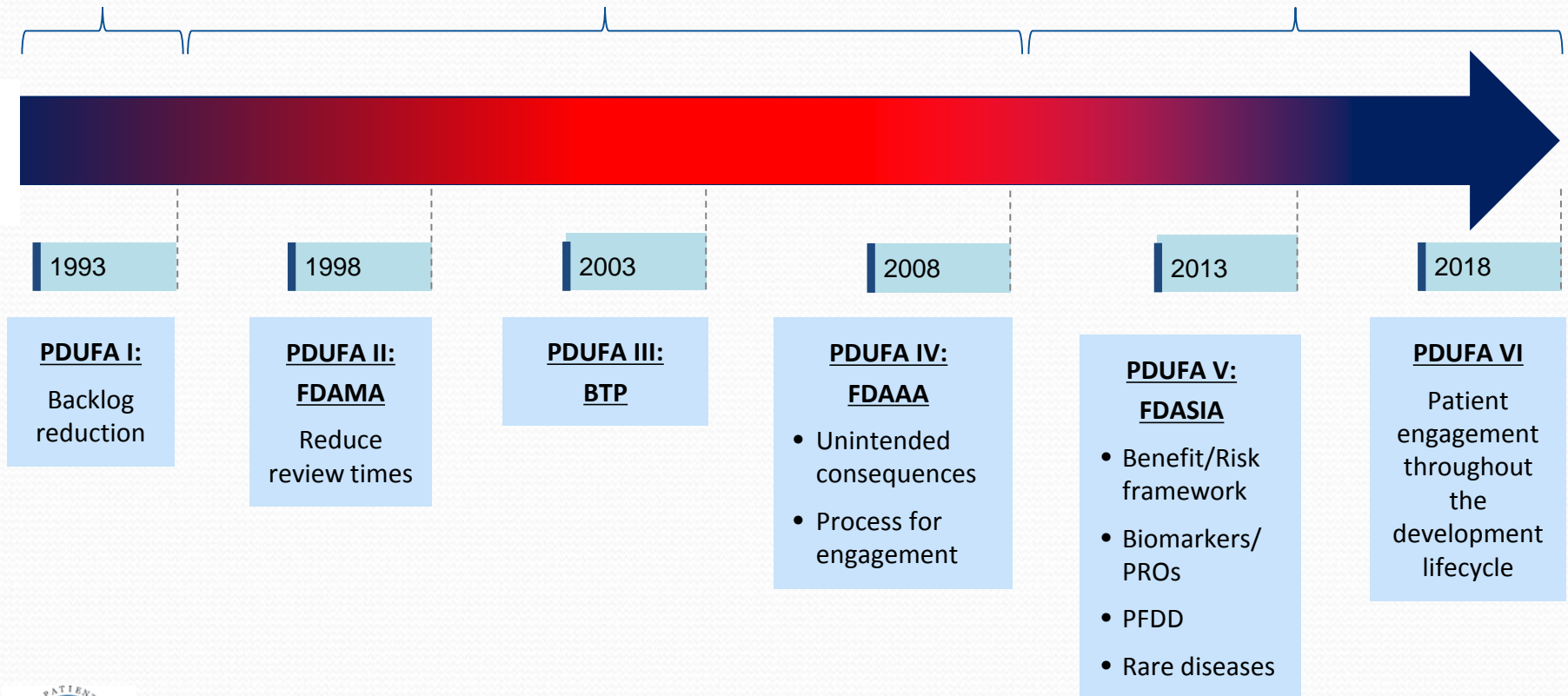


# Evolution of PDUFA

Initial patient  
group  
engagement

Shift to consumer  
engagement

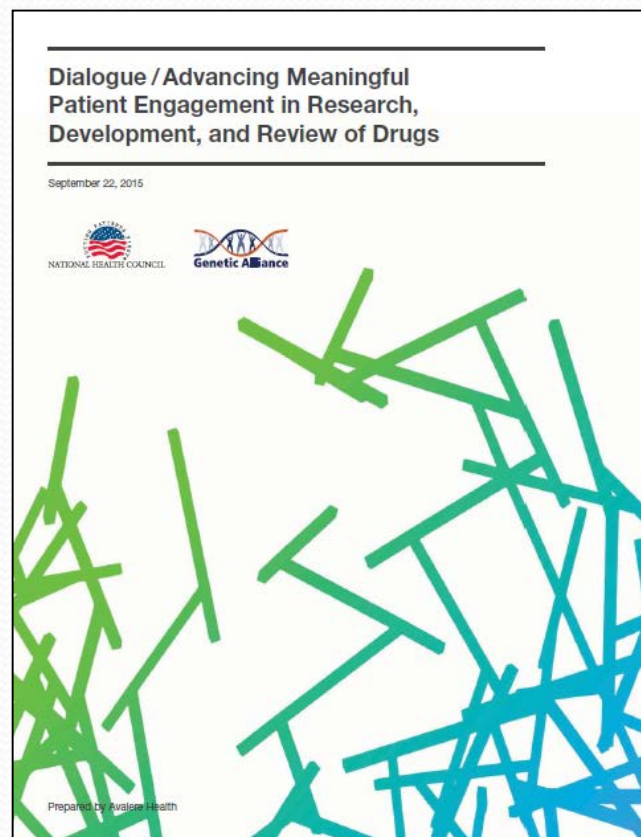
Patient groups  
re-engage





# Dialogue / Advancing Meaningful Patient Engagement in Drug Research, Development & Approval

- Create regulatory guardrails
- Promote a culture shift
- Facilitate open communication



# Value





# Shifting from Acute to Chronic Care



# Shifting from the Average to the Individual

The **time is right** because of:

Sequencing  
of the human  
genome



Improved  
technologies for  
biomedical analysis



New tools  
for using large  
datasets



Source: [www.nih.gov/precisionmedicine](http://www.nih.gov/precisionmedicine)



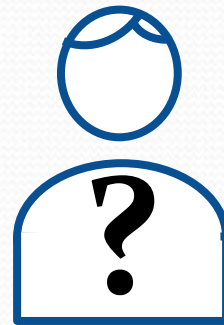
# Recent Value Models & Frameworks



American Society of Clinical Oncology



INSTITUTE FOR CLINICAL  
AND ECONOMIC REVIEW



Memorial Sloan Kettering  
Cancer Center



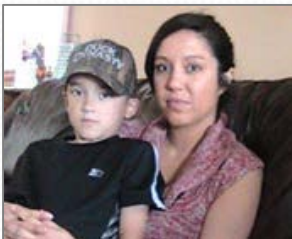
National  
Comprehensive  
Cancer  
Network®

# Lack of Obvious Patient Centeredness



**No apparent patient engagement throughout the process in**

- Defining value
- Developing questions
- Formatting model
- Collecting data
- Dissemination



**Costs to patients not consistently assessed and lack of clarity on how it's done**

# Value-Model Development Process

**Planning**

**Drafting and  
Refinement**

**Dissemination  
and  
Implementation**

**Evaluation**

**Update and  
Maintenance**

**Patient partnership**

**Transparency to patients**

**Inclusiveness of patients**

**Diversity of patients/populations**

**Outcomes patients care about**

**Patient-centered data sources**



# Value Model Rubric: Examples

	Characteristics of Meaningful Patient Engagement in Model Development	Other Characteristics of Patient-Centeredness in Model Development
Patient Partnership	Patients are recognized as partners and are integrated in all aspects of model development phases	Patients are engaged in pilot testing and refinement of the model
Transparency	The process for selection of patient representatives is transparent	The methodology is made transparent to patients in a timely manner
Inclusiveness	The patient community is involved throughout the process	The draft model is vetted with a broad coalition of stakeholders, including patients

# Value Model Rubric: Examples

	Characteristics of Meaningful Patient Engagement in Model Development	Other Characteristics of Patient-Centeredness in Model Development
<b>Diversity</b>	Diversity of the patient population is acknowledged and considered	Processes are included for identifying/incorporating new knowledge regarding patient subpopulations and disease trajectory
<b>Outcomes</b>	Outcomes important to patients are identified and incorporated into the mode	Economic inputs are considered in the context of a patient's experience
<b>Data Sources</b>	Existing sources of patient-generated health data are identified and considered	Data beyond randomized controlled trials are considered (e.g., patient preferences)





**Marc Boutin**  
**Chief Executive Officer**  
**National Health Council**

**[mboutin@nhcouncil.org](mailto:mboutin@nhcouncil.org)**

Break

# Patients Count: The **Science** of Patient Input

Kim McCleary  
Managing Director  
*FasterCures*

Patient Engagement Advisory Panel  
Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Institute  
April 11, 2016



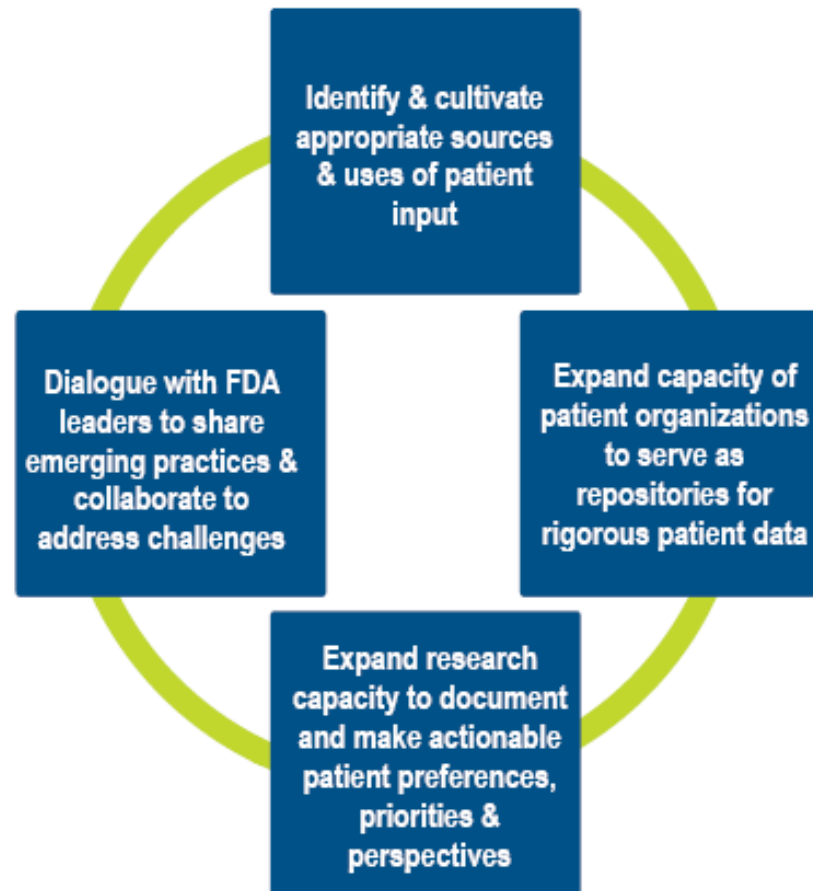
***FasterCures***  
A CENTER OF THE MILKEN INSTITUTE



## Expand Thought Leadership

- Share sought-after content expertise through speaking engagements and collaboration in external initiatives
- Foster connections throughout our wide and deep network of diverse stakeholders
- Convene impactful sessions at Partnering for Cures, seasonal workshops, bi-monthly webinars and through the Milken Institute's Global Conference and summits

## Enhance Practice



## Improve Policy

Reinforce principles of patient-centricity that affect access to promising therapies and expand opportunities for patient participation in decision-making, including:

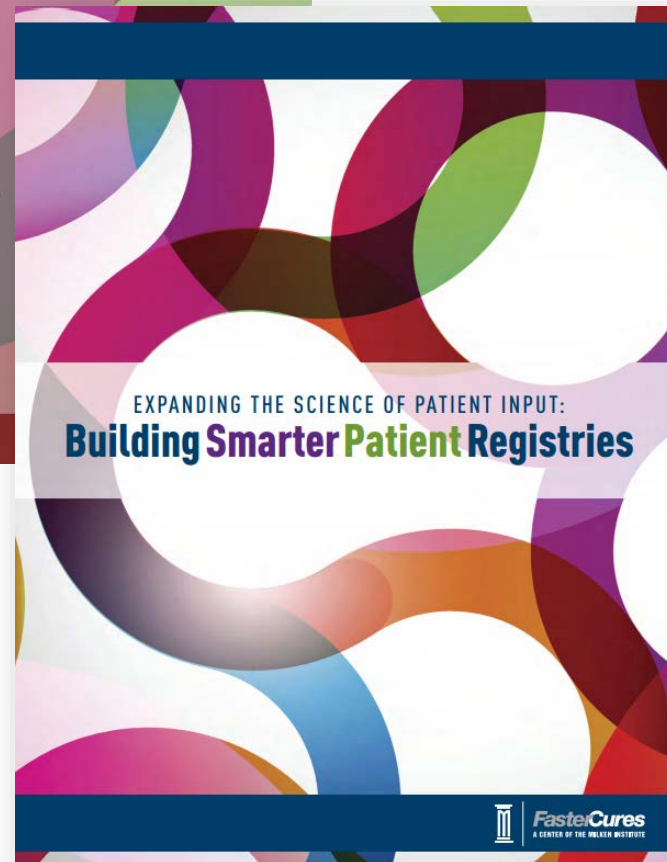
- User-fee negotiations and implementation of user-fee agreements
- Legislative proposals
- Government policy development and implementation



February 2016

## **Expanding the Science of Patient Input: Building Smarter Registries**

1. Patient registries evolve rapidly.
2. Success = careful planning + active upkeep.
3. Trust is essential, but not enough.
4. Patients expect to be partners.
5. Opportunity will knock. Be prepared.







## Science Translational Medicine



### FOCUS

#### POLICY

### From passengers to co-pilots: Patient roles expand

Margaret Anderson\* and K. Kimberly McCleary\*

The premier position of medical research on the U.S. national policy agenda offers an unprecedented opportunity to advance the science of patient input and mark a turning point in the evolution of patient engagement.

For most of history, patients have been the passive recipients of medical care with little or no role in research. Even as research subjects, patients were not required to give informed consent prior to adoption of the Nuremberg Code in 1947. Since then, patient participation has expanded dramatically and today, opportunities abound to serve as active partners in defining and prioritizing research questions and solutions. As digital strategist Leonard Kish declared in 2012, "If patient engagement were a drug, it would be the blockbuster drug of the century and malpractice not to use it" (1).

Patient engagement offers the promise of advancing more personal and efficacious medical products faster than the typical ~15-year discovery-to-market timeline (2). Here, we explore the early foundations of patient engagement (table S1), where it occurs in the drug-development pipeline, the power of recent policy initiatives, and prospects for success in improving health outcomes.

#### FROM SIDELINES TO CENTER COURT

Early in the last century, patients began to mobilize to accelerate research for particular conditions. The March of Dimes, founded by President Franklin D. Roosevelt in 1938 to expand polio research, is one of the first examples of philanthropy

directed at finding treatments and cures. Research supported by individuals through the March of Dimes led to development of the "iron lung" and a successful vaccine. Until recently, this case was an outlier, considering that until the 1975 Patient Bill of Rights was adopted by the American Hospital Association, patients did not necessarily expect to be told their diagnosis, much less have a voice in determining their care plan.



Addressing a patient's part in advancing biomedicine.

Even in recent years, patients didn't always express their own preferences and expectations for care, deferring to choices the doctor deemed best.

The HIV/AIDS movement catapulted patient needs to the forefront of research

and created the force for change that dramatically altered regulatory approval processes at the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA), funding formulas and emphasis at the U.S. National Institutes of Health (NIH), and the path forward for disease organizations. People affected by HIV rallied together and created a movement that demanded change and got results (3) from the creation of Gay Men's Health Crisis in New York in 1982 and the AIDS Coalition to Unleash Power in 1987, to the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases' (NIAID's) formation of the largest HIV clinical trials network in the world, to patients at both NIH and FDA, to passage of the Ryan White Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency Act in 1990.

The HIV/AIDS model continues to provide a roadmap followed by other patient communities, demonstrating that it is not enough to question the status quo; you have to do the hard work of presenting well-founded alternatives. As Anthony Fauci, director of NIAID, noted at a FasterCures event in 2011, "If you really want to shake cages you have to be persistent. This is very different than coming to a meeting once a year. We knew the HIV/AIDS activists weren't going away."

Today, the role of patients as partners permeates the R&D landscape, extending far beyond the traditional model of funding basic science through donations. Spurred on by the increase of entrepreneurial philanthropy and the proliferation of technology that connects and empowers patient communities, patient influence on decision-making is increasing. In particular, the venture philanthropy drug-development model pioneered by the Cystic Fibrosis Foundation—which led to the codevelopment, with Vertex Pharmaceuticals, of Kalydeco, the first disease-modifying treatment aimed at the genetic cause of cystic fibrosis—is gaining steam and altering the landscape of disease research and cross-sector collaboration.

At press – for publication in April 2016:

"On the pathway to a science of patient input: Where are we now and what lies ahead?"

Margaret A. Anderson & K. Kimberly McCleary

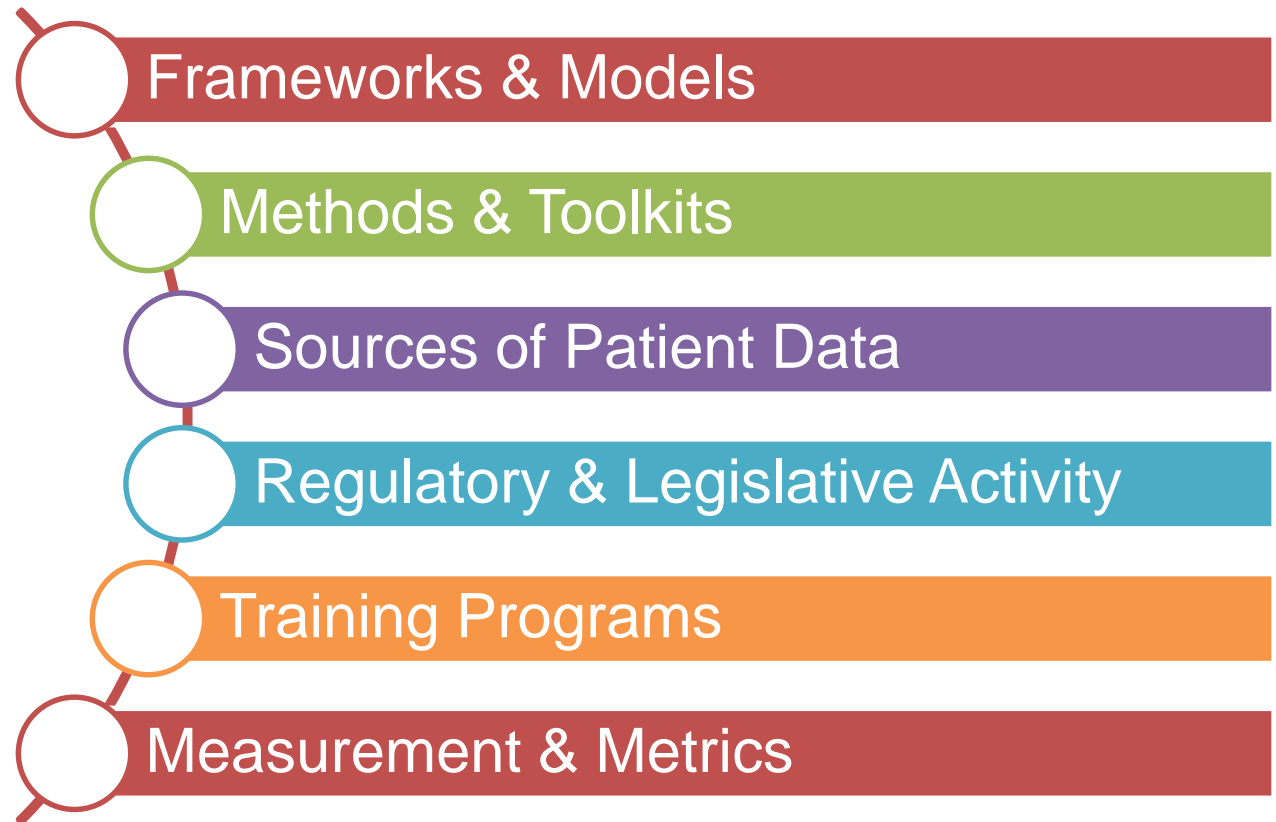
\*FasterCures, Silver Spring, DC 20903, USA.  
Corresponding author: k.mccleary@fastercures.org (KMM); mranderson@fastercures.org (MAA); mranderson@fastercures.org (KMM).

June 10, 2015



## 2016 Landscape Assessment:

More than 70  
collaborative  
initiatives to  
advance patient-  
centricity



On-line version of our upcoming April 2016 *Science Translational Medicine* article will include a directory of these 70+ initiatives (with live links) that we will update regularly



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# PATIENTS COUNT: THE SCIENCE OF PATIENT INPUT

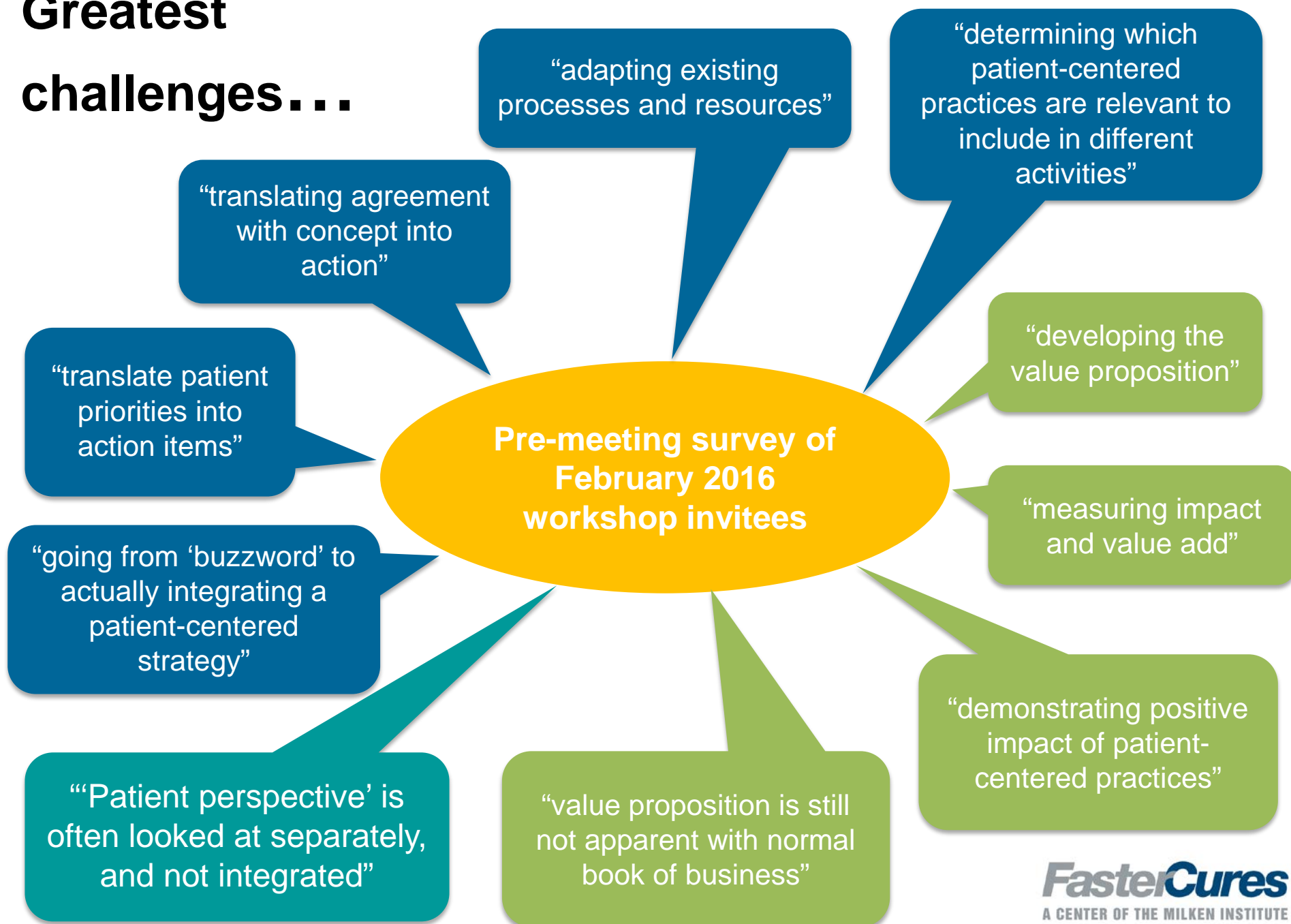
## Operational Tools to Support Expanded Patient Engagement February 16-17, 2016



*With thanks to Pfizer for its support*

**FasterCures**  
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# Greatest challenges...

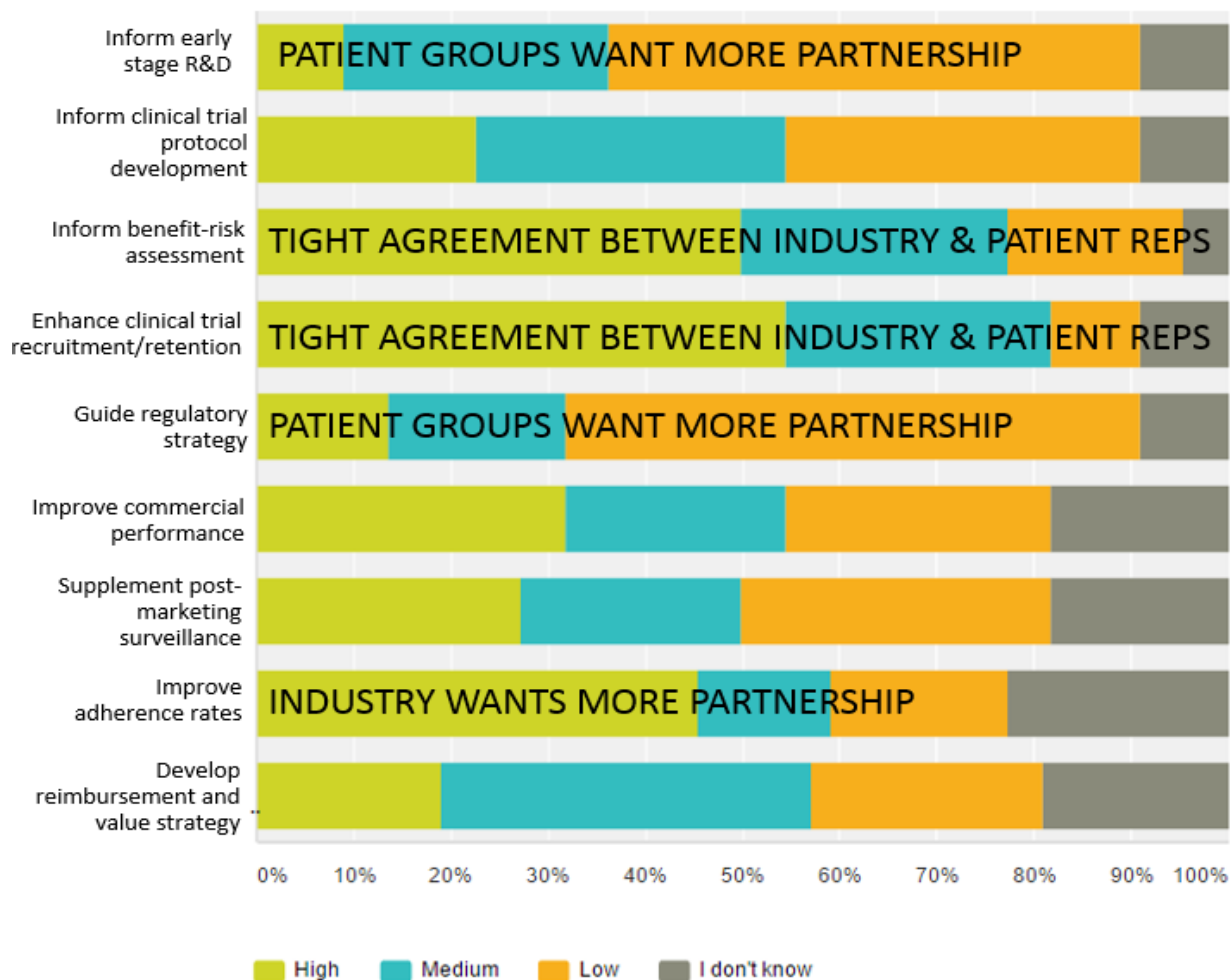






## Perceived interest in industry for integrating patient perspectives at various stages of medical product development

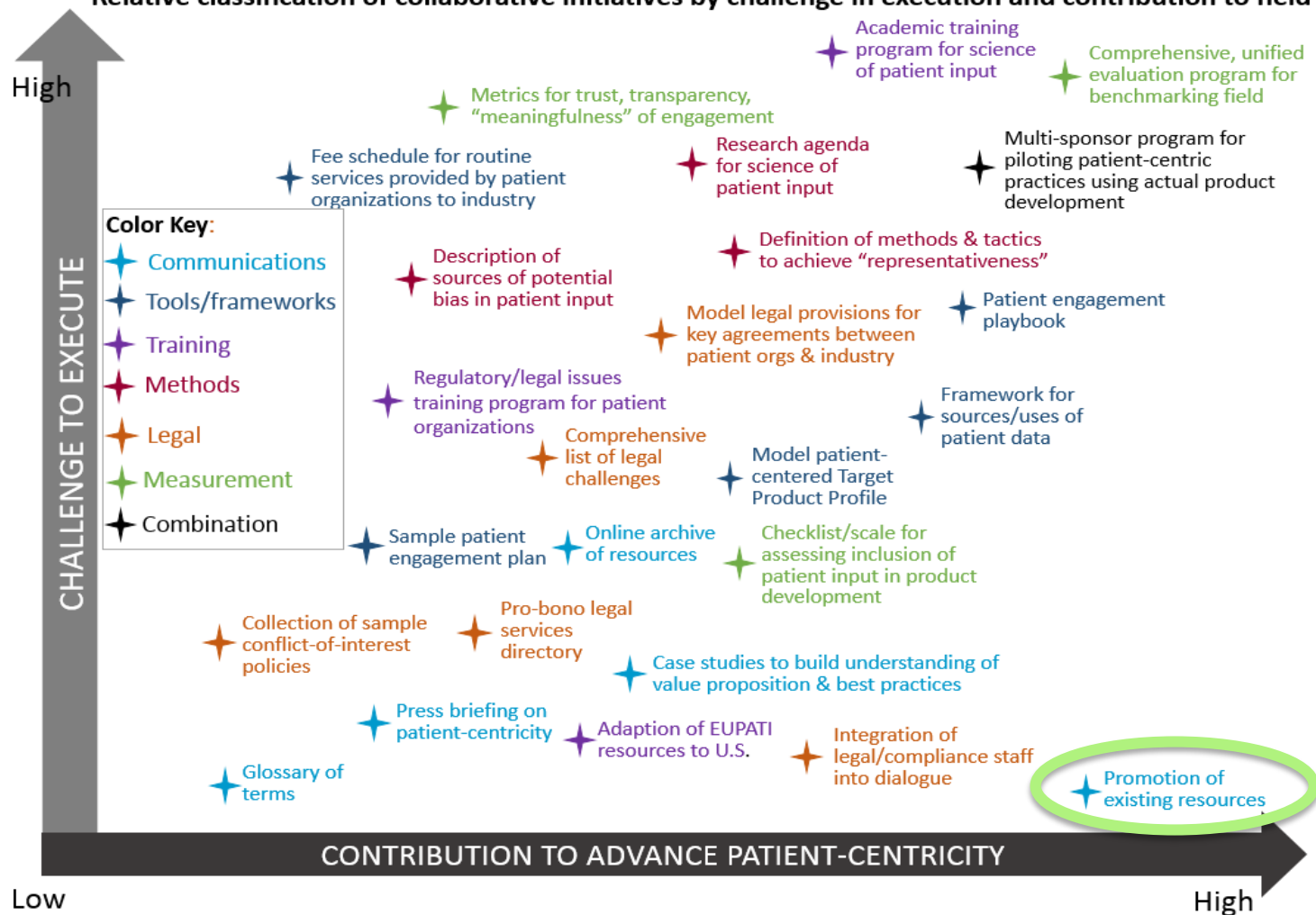
*Bars represent all participants' responses; areas of tight agreement and discord noted with text*





## Workshop report to be published in late April 2016: “Expanding the Science of Patient Input: Pain Points and Potential”

Relative classification of collaborative initiatives by challenge in execution and contribution to field



# Health IT Joint Committee Collaboration

A Joint Policy and Standards Public Advisory Body on Health Information Technology  
to the National Coordinator for Health IT



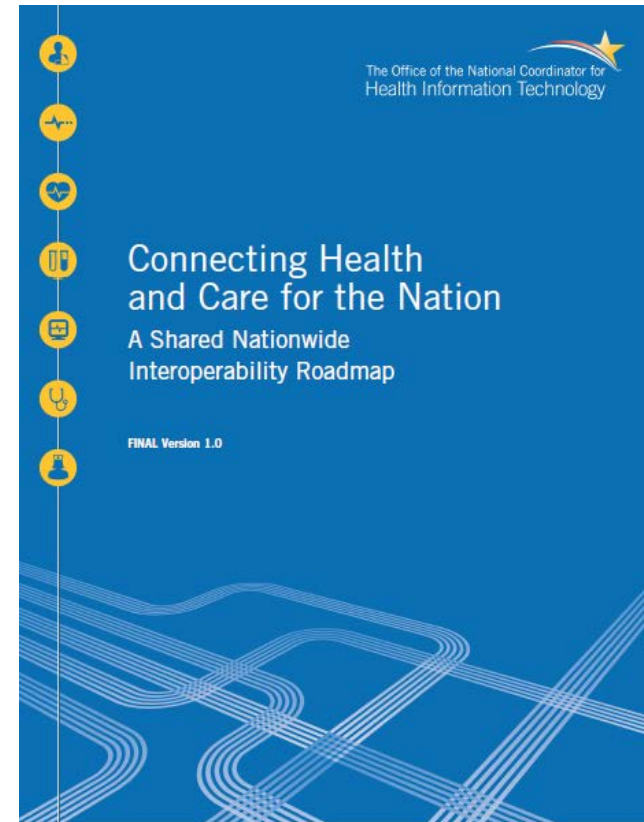
## Interoperability Experience Task Force

Jitin Asnaani, co-chair  
Anjum Khurshid, co-chair



# Nationwide Interoperability Roadmap

- Strong flexible health IT ecosystem that supports transparency and decision making, reduces redundancy, informs payment reform and helps transform care . . .
- An interoperable health IT ecosystem makes the right data available to the right people at the right time across products and organizations . . .



# Federal Advisory Committees

- The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) provided for the creation of an HIT Policy Committee and an HIT Standards Committee under the auspices of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA)
- FACA committees make recommendations to the National Coordinator for Health IT on
  - policy framework for the development and adoption of a nationwide health information infrastructure
  - standards, implementation specifications, and certification criteria

# Joint HITPC/HITSC Task Force's Charge

**Provide recommendations on the most impactful policy, technical, and public-private approaches that could be implemented to improve the interoperability experience for providers and patients.**

- Assume that the stakeholder has access to a system(s) that can interoperate with at least one other system from outside
- Identify the top 3 to 5 most important needs for these stakeholders
- Narrow the scope of work to the most impactful actions
- Make specific/actionable recommendations for ONC, in collaboration with others (e.g., standards bodies, commercial parties and other Federal entities)

# Patient Engagement in HIT

- Individual empowerment and patient engagement are key principles identified in the *Nationwide Interoperability Roadmap* and in the *Health IT Strategic Plan*



# Interoperability Experience Task Force

Member	Last Name	Organization
<b><i>Co-Chairs</i></b>		
Jitin	Asnaani	CommonWell Health Alliance
Anjum	Khurshid	Louisiana Public Health Alliance
<b><i>Members</i></b>		
Kelly	Aldrich	Center for Medical Interoperability
John	Blair	MedAllies
Janet	Campbell	Epic
George	Cole	Allscripts
Ty	Faulkner	Rural Health Information Technology
Larry	Garber	Reliant Medical Group, Atrius Health
Shaun	Grannis	Regenstrief
Jane	Perlmutter	Patient Advocate
Phil	Posner	Patient Advocate
Cris	Ross	Mayo Clinic
Larry	Wolf	Strategic Health Network
<b><i>Federal Ex-Officio</i></b>		
Jorge	Ferrer	Veterans Health Administration
<b><i>ONC Staff</i></b>		
Stacy	Perchem	ONC Staff Lead

# Framework for Capturing Insights

Identify the top 3 to 5 most important interoperability needs for these stakeholders:

1. **Needs not being achieved**
2. **Needs being partially achieved, but still significant obstacles**  
e.g., clinical experience, operational experience/TCO, or ability to scale
3. **Needs fully addressed**  
(minor gaps may exist)

## *Illustrative Needs Matrix*

Needs		Need being fulfilled? (Options 1-3 above)	Impact (Low / Medium / High) + Reason
1	<Need #1>	Not being achieved	High – patient safety issue
2	<Need #2>	Being partially achieved	Medium – impedes workflow
3	<Need #3>	Fully addressed	Low – enhances UX in specific situations

# DRAFT Work plan

Meeting Dates	Task
Tue, Mar 8, 2016 - 3:00pm ET	Task Force Kickoff Needs identified by Task Force
Wed, Mar 23, 2016 - 1:00pm ET	Planning for virtual hearing panel discussions
Wed, Apr 6, 2016 - 1:00pm ET	Virtual Hearing #1
Wed, Apr 20, 2016 - 1:00pm ET	Virtual Hearing #2
Fri, May 6, 2016 - 10:30am ET	Summarize & discuss needs & solutions identified by Panelists
Wed, May 11, 2016 - 10:30am ET	Draft recommendations for prioritized needs
Wed, Jun 1, 2016 - 1:00pm ET	Recommendations refinement
<b><i>June 7/8 HITPC/HITSC Meetings</i></b>	<b><i>Draft Recommendations presented to HITPC/HITSC</i></b>
TBD - needs to scheduled	Revise and edit recommendations
<b><i>July 12/13 HITSC/HITPC Meetings</i></b>	<b><i>Recommendations presented to HITSC/HITPC</i></b>
<b><i>July 29</i></b>	<b><i>Transmittal letter sent to the National Coordinator</i></b>



# Q&A



# Evaluating PCORI's Impact: The Role of Research Engagement

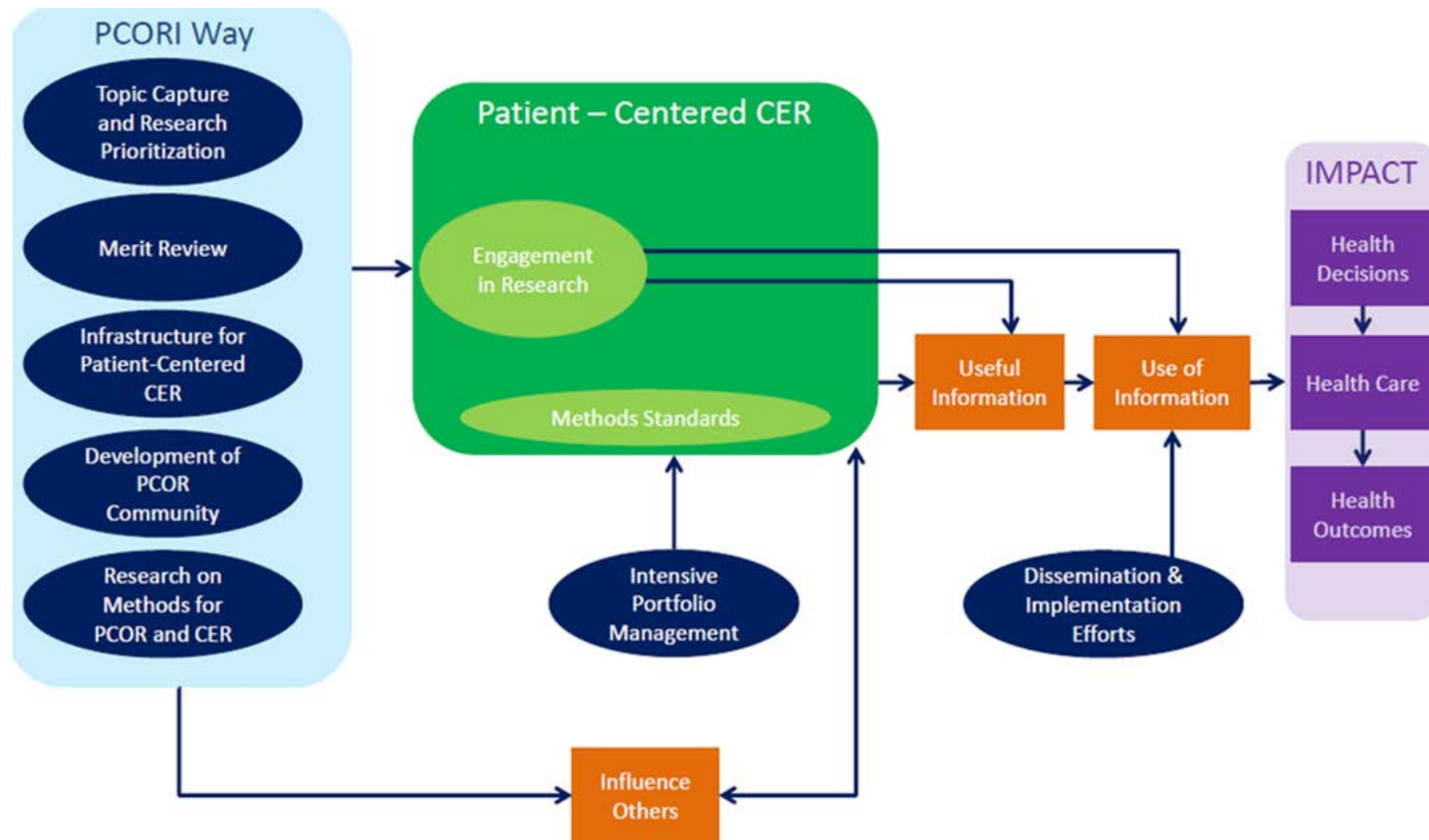
**Laura Forsythe, PhD, MPH**

Associate Director, Evaluation and Analysis

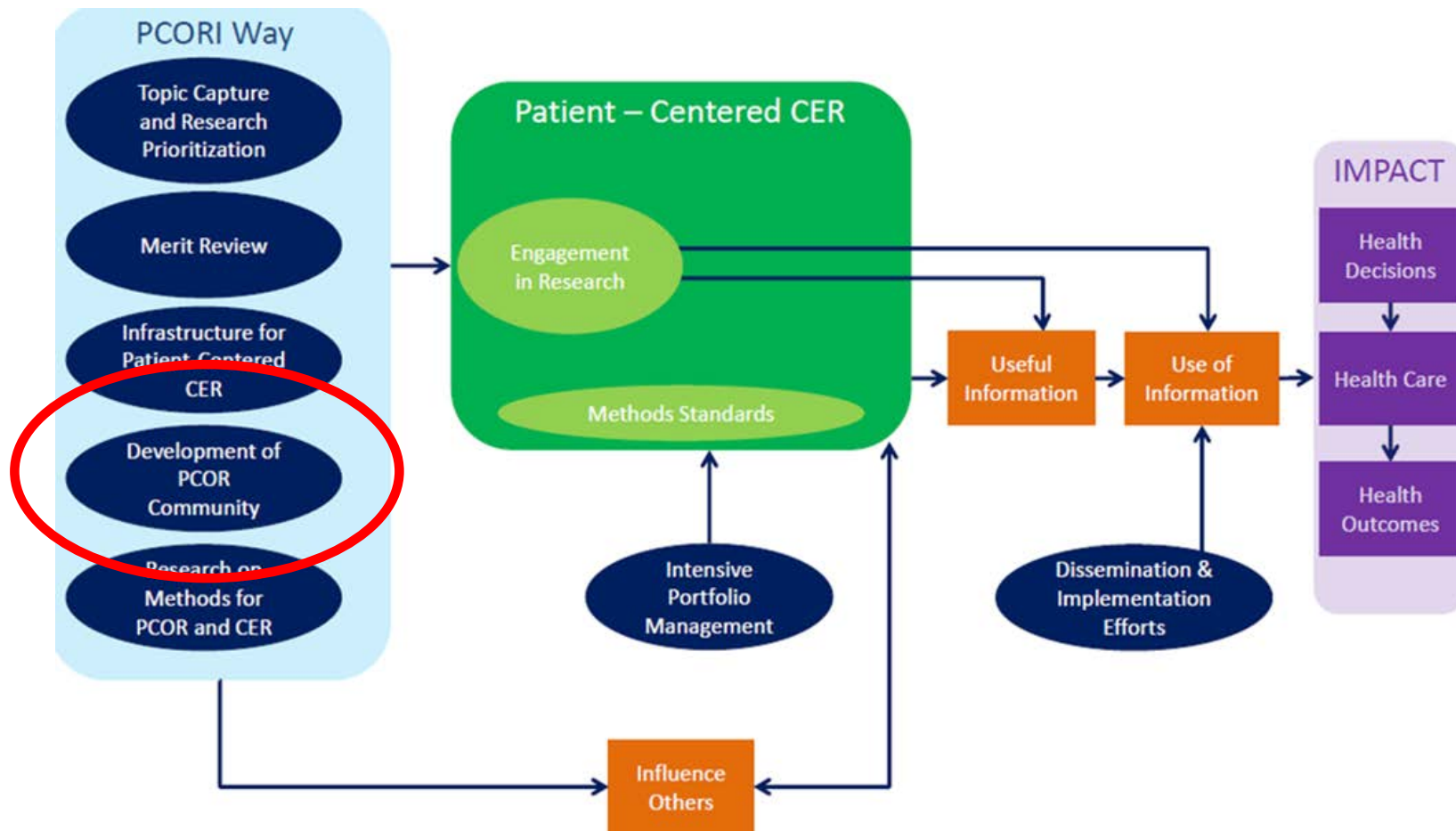


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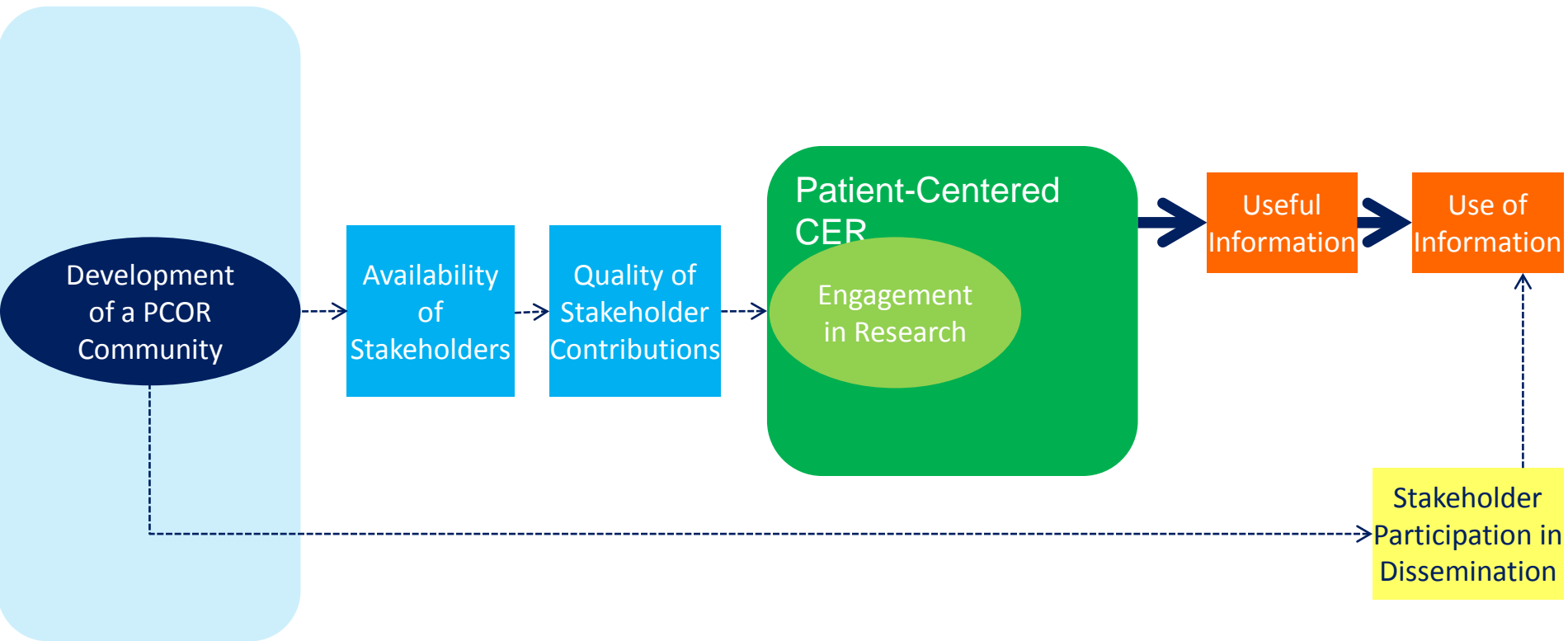
# Evaluating the Impact of PCORI: Where does Engagement fit?



# Evaluating the Impact of PCORI: Where does Engagement fit?



# Development of a PCOR Community



# Primary Evaluation Questions

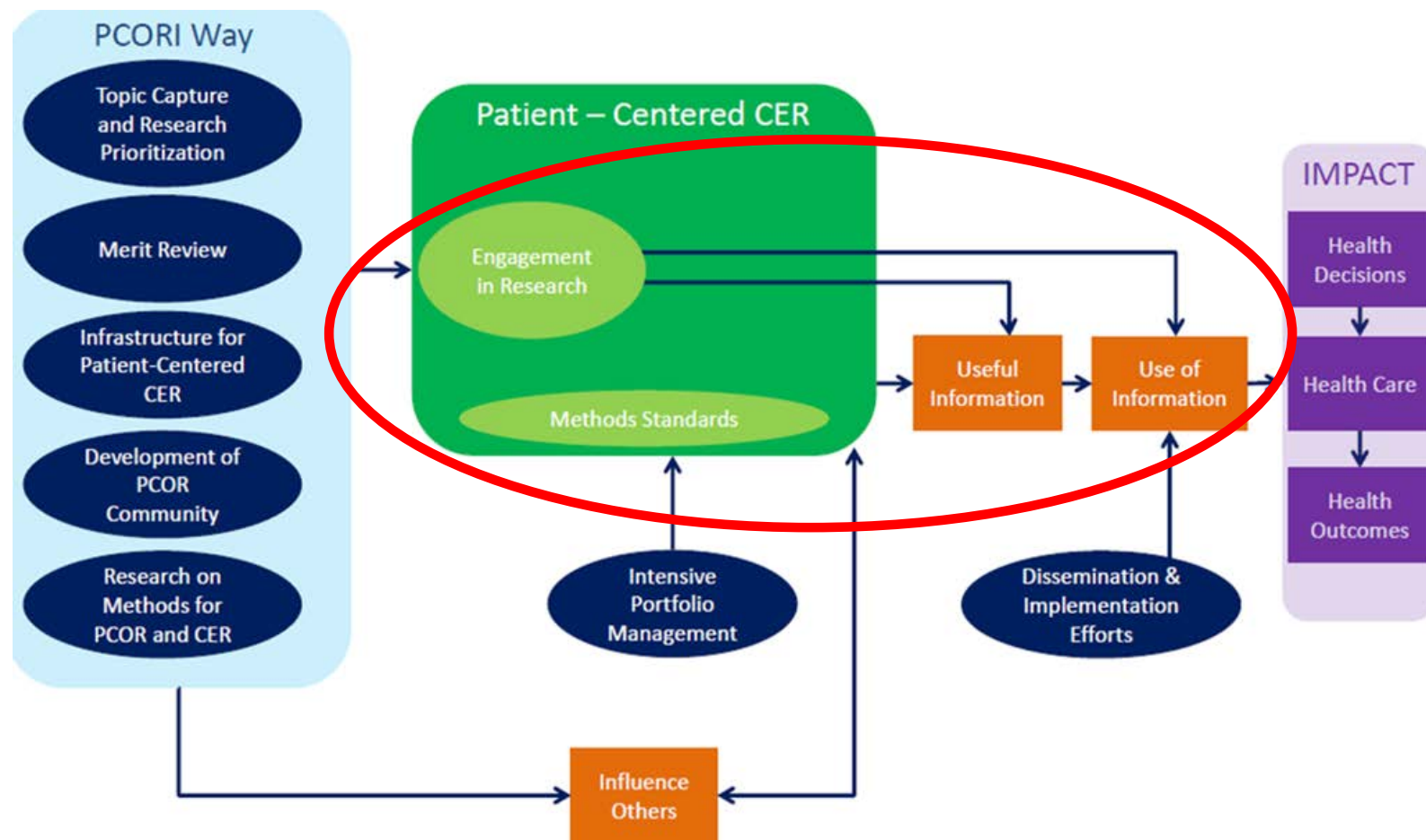
What is the effect of PCORI's unique approach to developing a PCOR community?

- Number of trained merit reviewers, ambassadors, and advisory panelists
- Number of people attending PCORI events and accessing PCORI training materials
- Number of applications that come from the Pipeline to Proposal Awards
- Public perceptions of, and willingness to, engage in Patient-Centered CER projects
- Researcher perceptions of difficulty finding partners
- Stakeholder perceptions of difficulty finding opportunities for partnering in research
- Researcher and stakeholder interest in Patient-Centered CER and awareness of methods for Patient-Centered CER
- Input from patients and stakeholder partners perceived as influential, valuable





# Evaluating the Impact of PCORI: Where does Engagement in Research fit?



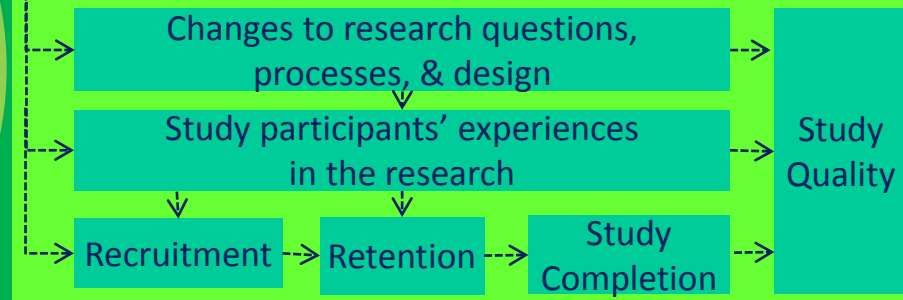
# Engagement in Research

## Patient-Centered CER

### Engagement in Research

- Who is involved
- When engagement occurs
- Type of engagement
- Engaged partners perceived influence
- Experiences of engaged partners
- Principles of engagement

### Studies that Matter to Patients



To whom & how results are disseminated

Trust in Information

Understanding Information



# Primary Evaluation Questions

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What is the effect of Engagement in Research on...?

- Relevance of research questions for end-users
- Changes to study design resulting from engagement
- Recruitment and retention rates
- Proportion of studies that complete data collection
- Time to study completion
- To whom and how research is disseminated
- Time to dissemination
- Perceptions of influence among research partners
- Trust in results
- Understanding of findings
- Study quality



# Collecting Information on Engagement

Sept 2014 – Feb 2015

Aug 2015 - Present

Research Team

WE-ENACT

- Voluntary
- N = 93

Engagement report

- Component of annual project reporting
- N = 147 to-date, data collection ongoing

Patient and Stakeholder Partners

WE-ENACT

- Voluntary
- N = 105 to-date, invitations ongoing



# Information on Engagement: Domains

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- Who is engaged
- When they are engaged
- How they are engaged
- Level of engagement (information, consultation, collaboration, Patient/stakeholder direction)
- Influence of patients and other stakeholders
- Impact on the project
- Challenges and how they were overcome
- Activities and progress relative to engagement plan



# Example Findings: Changes to Study Design

- Changes to study design to make it more responsive to patient needs, feasible in clinical setting
- Some researchers reported minimal impact on study design

“High impact - changed design, outcomes, flow of study.” - *Researcher*

“This led us to modify our original 2-group research design and include a 3rd group; community based group exercise.” - *Researcher*

“Contributed to the approach taken and to creating conditions that would allow maximum participation on the part of both patients and providers.” – *Patient/Stakeholder partner*

“The timeline of study assessments was modified in response to stakeholder feedback.” - *Researcher*





# Example Findings: Recruitment & Retention

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- Recruitment procedures more responsive to patient needs
- Changes to recruitment messages
- More potential participants aware of the study
- Improvements in recruiting and retaining difficult-to-reach populations

“Outreach materials, recruitment procedures were modified significantly.” - *Researcher*

“Since discussing our challenges with recruiting and retaining study participants, we have had only one participant decline to participate.” - *Researcher*



# Other sources of information on Engagement

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- Qualitative review of additional information in Interim Progress Reports
- In-depth interviews
- Awardee publications as case studies



# Reports from the Field

## Engaging stakeholders to design a comparative effectiveness trial in children with uncontrolled asthma

Kim Erwin<sup>a,1</sup>, Molly A Martin<sup>2</sup>, Tara Flippin<sup>1</sup>, Sarah Norell<sup>1</sup>, Ariana Shadlyn<sup>1</sup>, Jie Yang<sup>1</sup>, Paula Falco<sup>1</sup>, Jalme Rivera<sup>1</sup>, Stacy Ignoffo<sup>3</sup>, Rajesh Kumar<sup>4</sup>, Helen Margellos-Anast<sup>5</sup>, Michael McDermott<sup>6</sup>, Kate McMahon<sup>7</sup>, Giselle Mosnaim<sup>8</sup>, Sharmilee M Nyenhuis<sup>2</sup>, Valerie G Press<sup>9</sup>, Jessica E Ramsay<sup>5</sup>, Kenneth Soyemil<sup>10</sup>, Trevonne M Thompson<sup>2</sup> & Jerry A Krishnan<sup>2,11</sup>

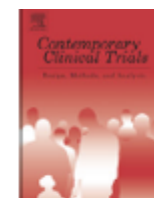
Journal of **Comparative Effectiveness Research**



Contents lists available at [ScienceDirect](#)

Contemporary Clinical Trials

journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/conclintrial](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/conclintrial)

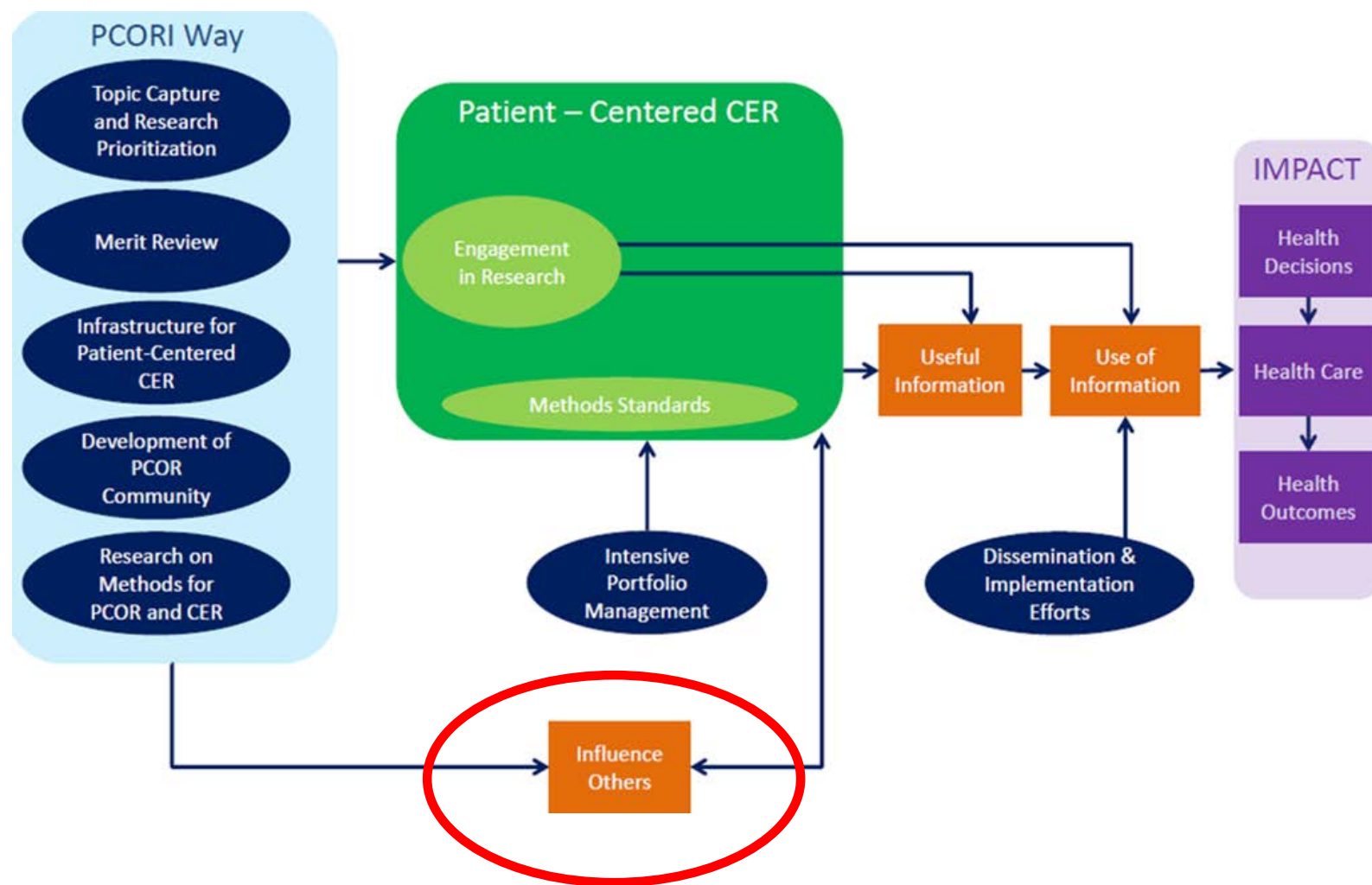


## Using patient engagement in the design and rationale of a trial for women with depression in obstetrics and gynecology practices☆

Ellen Poleshuck<sup>a,b,\*</sup>, Marsha Wittink<sup>a</sup>, Hugh Crean<sup>c</sup>, Tara Gellasch<sup>d</sup>, Mardy Sandler<sup>e</sup>, Elaine Bell<sup>a</sup>, Iwona Juskiewicz<sup>a</sup>, Catherine Cerulli<sup>a</sup>



# Evaluating the Impact of PCORI: Where does Engagement in Research fit?





# Primary Evaluation Questions

How does PCORI's work influence others?

- Use of CER and PCOR terminology
- Endorsement, promotion, and dissemination of PCORI work
- Bibliometric indicators of PCORI evaluation work, guidance on patient-centered CER, and methods projects
- Other funders use of the following criteria in proposal review: patient-centeredness, engagement, potential speed of uptake of findings in clinical practice
- Use of non-scientists in proposal review
- Use of training or curricula developed or funded by PCORI
- Number and nature of projects co-funded by PCORI and others
- Number and proportion of studies conducted in PCORnet by investigators external to PCORnet
- Use of PCORI methodology standards on patient-centeredness in non-PCORI research
- Amount and proportion of total PCOR funding that comes from funders other than PCORI



# Influence Example #1

## University of Texas Health Science Center at San Antonio

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### PCORI is credited with motivating:\*

- **Workshops** on PCORI
  - A listserv, working group focused on PCORI applications (~130 investigators), and day-long in-service on grant writing
- Clinical Investigator Kick-start (CLIK) **awards**
  - \$50K, one year
  - Identified as a priority area the funding of meaningful engagement with partners, to increase knowledge about and skills in research engagement
- **New policies** to permit hiring patient or stakeholder partners as experts on university pay roll
- **Patient-centered approaches** to applications for research to other funders

***“I plan to use the model of doing research in partnership with patients who have the illness and community health centers for everything going forward.”*** Dawn Velligan



*\*Jennifer Potter, PhD, MPH, Assistant Dean for Research and Student Programs*

## Influence Example #2

### University of Pittsburgh Comparative Effectiveness Research Center (CERC)

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PCORI is credited with motivating:

- Establishment of a HIPAA compliant **data center**:
  - 20 projects currently using it, \$13 million across all projects (PCORI and other funders)
- Development of **training and educational opportunities**:
  - Graduate courses & training grants (AHRQ-funded) based on the PCORI Methodology Standards
  - 54 training workshops since 2011 on PC-CER funding opportunities and review criteria, PC-CER methodology, and stakeholder engagement
  - Mock reviews for PCORI applications (assess engagement, adherence to standards)
- Emphasis on **stakeholder engagement**:
  - *“These are new concepts for some of our researchers – PCORI is making them think about the stakeholders and how they can qualify to be a PCORI project” – Monica Costlow, CERC Project Director*

***“PCORI is central to the CERC and has greatly influenced work across the University”***

*Sally Morton, Director of CERC and PCORI Methodology Committee Member*



Lunch  
&  
Farewell Ceremony



Charlotte Collins  
Kristin Carman  
Perry Cohen  
Bruce Hanson  
Amy Kratchman  
Kim McCleary  
Julie Moretz  
Sally Okun



# **Telling the PCORI Engagement Story: Engagement Overview**

**Sue Sheridan, MIM, MBA, DHL**

Director of Patient Engagement



# PCORI Strategic Priorities for Engagement and Organizational Goals

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- Development of PCOR Community
- Engagement in Research
- Overall Impact of PCORI – Influencing others to be more patient-centered
  - Ambassador Program
  - Pipeline to Proposal
  - Advisory Panel on Patient Engagement (PEAP)
  - Engagement Rubric
  - Engagement Officers
  - Compensation Framework
  - Current Patient/Caregiver Partners in PCORI Portfolio



# Small Group Discussion Questions

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- How do the engagement programs/activities map to the models for evaluation?
- What potential evaluation questions and metrics could we add to the evaluation models to more effectively demonstrate the value of the engagement program in:
  - Developing a PCOR community?
  - Engaging the community in research?
  - Influencing others to be more patient-centered?



# Ambassador Program

**Suzanne Schrandt, JD**

Deputy Director of Patient Engagement

**Emily Gagola**

Program Associate



# The Ambassador Program: Purpose

The Ambassador Program unites individual and organizational Ambassadors around the promise of patient-centered outcomes research (PCOR). The goal is to help patients, researchers, and other stakeholders, and their organizations, share PCORI's vision and mission with their communities, participate as full partners in research, and help ensure the sharing and use of information generated from PCORI-funded projects. The Ambassadors program can also serve as platform to facilitate shared learning between PCORI awardees, and to connect members of the PCOR community with opportunities in engagement across the healthcare spectrum.



# The Ambassadors Program: Update

- Emily Gagola has taken over as new program lead January 25, 2016
- Currently 273 Ambassadors
- Ambassadors serving in a variety of functions;
  - American Medical Association-Convened Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement (PCPI)
  - An American College of Cardiology (ACC), American Geriatrics Society (AGS), and National Institute of Health (NIH) conference
  - Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) Technical Expert Panels on metrics for Qualified Health Plans
  - CMMI Technical Expert Panel developing performance measures for complex pediatric care
  - HHS Alzheimer's Advisory Council
  - MS Society, IOM Roundtables
  - CMS Partnership for Patients, NQF MAPP group



# The Ambassador Program: Next Steps

- Launch public opening of program, targeting outreach to underrepresented groups
- Promote active involvement of currently or previously funded awardees in program
- Offer additional training/capacity building opportunities
- Enhance matchmaking mechanism
- Increase social media activity, compelling webinars and other events
- Develop Ambassador newsletter, created by Ambassadors



# The Ambassadors Program: Metrics

- Numbers of Ambassadors
  - Including representation across racial and ethnic minority groups, geographic regions, and types of stakeholders
- Number of Ambassadors who've completed training
- Numbers and types of activities undertaken by Ambassadors (tool used is the "Activity Tracker")
- Numbers and types of activities to which PCORI Ambassadors have been matched
- Number of PCORI awardees (science and engagement funding) who are Ambassadors
- Tracking of activity on Yammer (soon to be Chatter)



# The Ambassador Program:

## Small Group Discussion Questions

- How does the Ambassador Program map to the current evaluation models?
- What potential evaluation questions and metrics could we add to the evaluation models to more effectively demonstrate the value of the Ambassadors in:
  - Developing a PCOR community?
  - Engaging the community in research?
  - Influencing others to be more patient-centered?





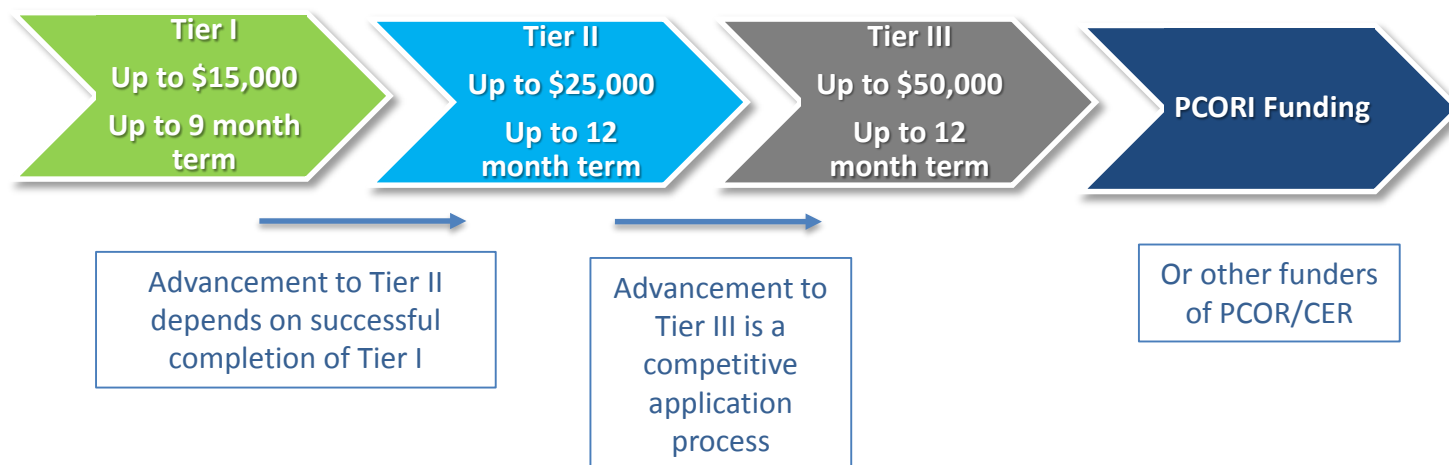
# Pipeline to Proposal Award Program

**Courtney Clyatt, MA, MPH**

Program Officer, Patient Engagement



# Pipeline to Proposal Award Program: Purpose



Pipeline to Proposal Awards initiative aims to build a national community of patients, stakeholders, and researchers who have the expertise and passion to participate in patient-centered outcomes research, or PCOR, and to create partnerships within that community that lead to high-quality research proposals.



# Pipeline to Proposal Award Program: Update

*Our Pipeline to Proposal Awards encourage PCOR in comparative clinical effectiveness research.*

Number of projects awarded:

**Tier I – 77**

**Tier II – 27**

Amount awarded:

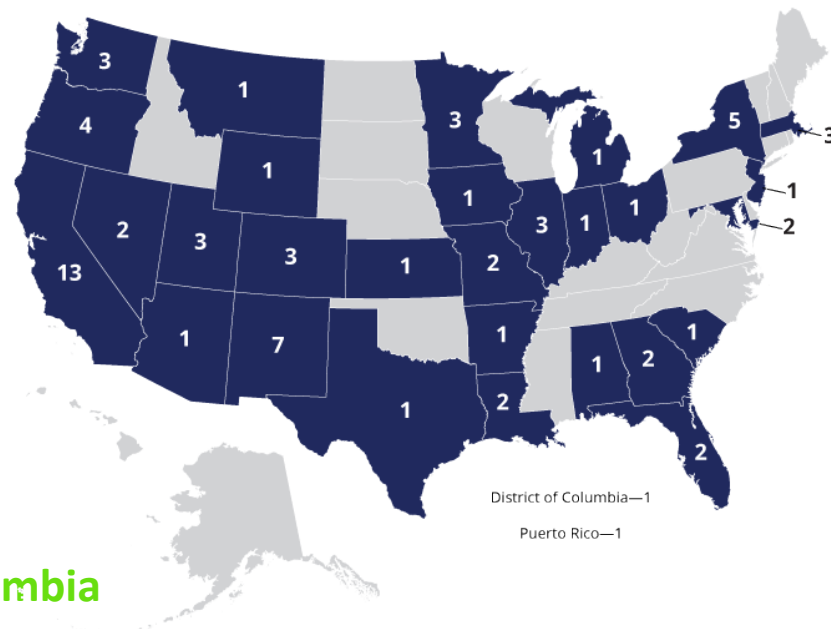
**\$1,813,999**

(Tier I Cycles 1 & 2 and Tier II Cycle 1)

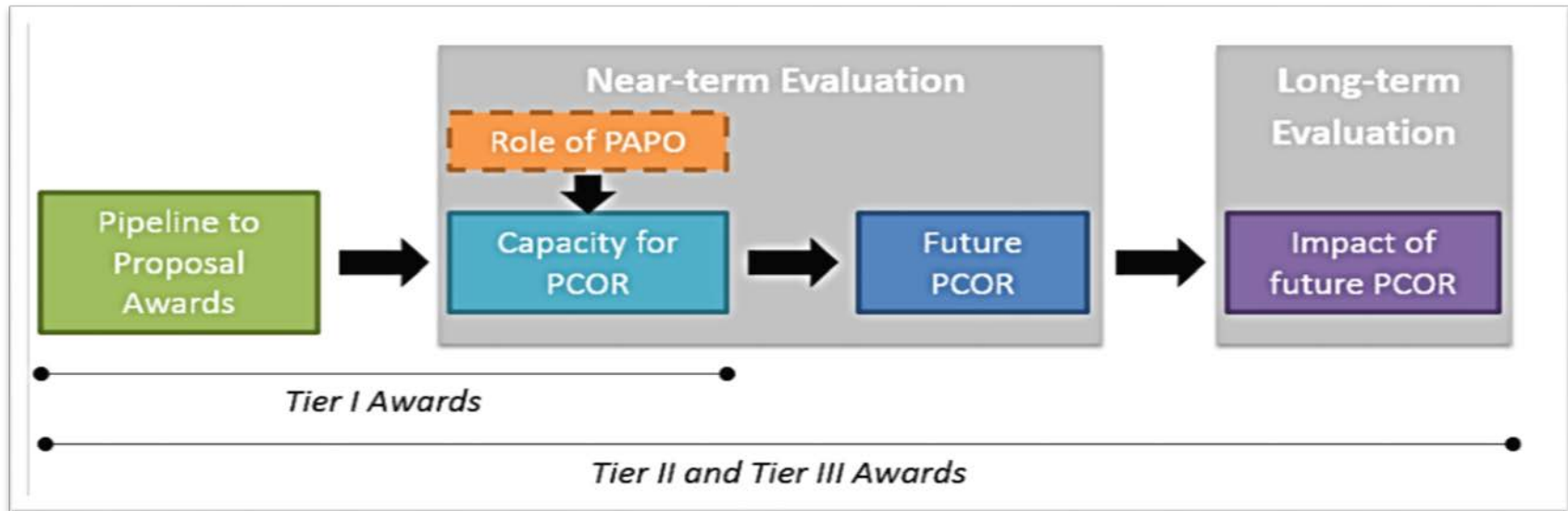
Number of states where  
we are funding projects:

**30 states, District of Columbia  
and Puerto Rico**

As of May 1, 2015



# Evaluating the Pipeline to Proposal Awards



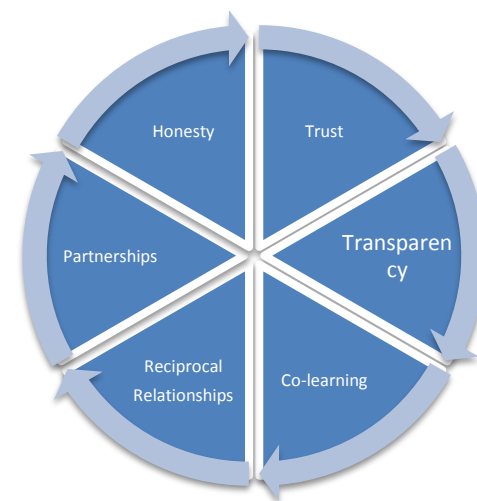
We hypothesize that Pipeline to Proposal Awards will **promote capacity for PCOR** (e.g., organizational structures, resources, collaborative relationships, policies, procedural protocols, and commitment to patient-centeredness needed to conduct PCOR). Moreover, we expect that this capacity will **lead to future PCOR** which will ultimately have a scientific and clinical impact.



## Pipeline to Proposal Award Program: Metrics

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- How many unique partnerships are being formed?
- What are some elements of successful partnership structures?
- How many awardees felt that the training and support they received prepared them to pursue research funding from PCORI or another funder?
- How many partnerships developed in the program embody the PCORI Engagement Principles?



## Pipeline To Proposal Award Program: Small Group Discussion Questions

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- How does the Pipeline to Proposal Award Program “map” to the current evaluation models?
- What potential evaluation questions and metrics could we add to the evaluation models to more effectively demonstrate the value of the Pipeline to Proposal Award Program in:
  - Developing a PCOR community?
  - Engaging the community in research?
  - Influencing others to be more patient-centered?





# Advisory Panel on Patient Engagement (PEAP)

**Sue Sheridan MIM, MBA, DHL**

Director of Patient Engagement



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# The Advisory Panel on Patient Engagement: Purpose

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The purpose of the Advisory Panel on Patient Engagement is to ensure the highest patient engagement standards and a culture of patient-centeredness in all aspects of our work



# The Advisory Panel on Patient Engagement: Update

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## Accomplishments

- Engagement Rubric
- Compensation Framework
- Participation at Annual Meeting
- Contributions to the PCORI Evaluation Group (PEG)
- Influencing others to be more patient centered in their work



# The Advisory Panel on Patient Engagement: Next Steps

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- Develop subcommittees on developing a training curriculum and engagement toolkit
- Help identify future measures of success and meaningful metrics for engagement
- Establish metrics to ensure diversity across all of PCORI engagement activities



# The Advisory Panel on Patient Engagement: Metrics

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- The number of tools developed and shared publicly to enhance PCOR as a result of input from PEAP members
- The number of PEAP members who have done something new to promote patient centeredness either within their respective organization or in other initiatives in which they are engaged
- The number of examples identified by PEAP members of PCORI's influence outside their organization in the broader healthcare eco-system



# The Advisory Panel on Patient Engagement: Small Group Discussion Questions

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- How does the PEAP map to the current evaluation models?
- What potential evaluation questions and metrics could we add to the evaluation models to more effectively demonstrate the value of the PEAP in:
  - Developing a PCOR community?
  - Engaging the community in research?
  - Influencing others to be more patient-centered?





# Engagement Rubric

**Suzanne Schrandt, JD**

Deputy Director of Patient Engagement

## Engagement Rubric: Purpose

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The purpose of the Engagement Rubric is to provide a framework for meaningful engagement of patients and other stakeholders in the research process and to provide guidance to applicants, the patient/stakeholder community, awardees, merit reviewers, PCORI staff, and others in addressing engagement in research.



# Engagement Rubric: Update

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Version 3.0 is currently embedded in our funding announcements

Engagement language is incorporated into all PFAs, the engagement plan in each PFA is the mirror image of the rubric, and the rubric is used as a tool by applicants, merit reviewers, and awardees as well as by PCORI staff and other patients, stakeholders, and researchers

A CME developed specifically around the rubric has been posted on the website and has had 584 unique accesses and 70 certificates issued



## Engagement Rubric: Next Steps

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- Continue to evolve and refine the Engagement Rubric to reflect innovation in the field of engaged research
- Incorporate early findings regarding partnership development and “pre-engagement” strategies from the Pipeline to Proposals into the Engagement Rubric
- Work with Evaluation Team to determine the impact of the Engagement Rubric on the research community Including the patient/stakeholder partners
- Publish peer-reviewed journal article on the rubric



## Engagement Rubric: Metrics

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- The utility of the rubric in understanding application requirements is measured by the E&A team
- The utility of the rubric in conducting merit review is measured by the E&A team
- The use of the rubric in other healthcare sectors (beyond research)
- Incorporation of the rubric or references to the rubric by others
  - For example, it is used by the University of Alabama Birmingham to evaluate training for CTSA
- Unique accesses and total certificates issued on the Engagement Rubric CME/CE



# Engagement Rubric: Small Group Discussion Questions

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- How does the Engagement Rubric “map” to the current evaluation models?
- What potential evaluation questions and metrics could we add to the evaluation models to more effectively demonstrate the value of the Engagement Rubric in:
  - Developing a PCOR community?
  - Engaging the community in research?
  - Influencing others to be more patient-centered?





## Engagement Officers

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Jaye Bea Smalley, MPA

Lisa Stewart, MA

Michelle Johnston-Fleece, MPH

Chinenye Anyanwu, PharmD, MPH

*Patient Engagement Advisory Panel  
April 11, 2016*



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# Engagement Officers: Purpose

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## Bridge to Science

- **Ensuring** adequate milestones, stakeholders and budgets
- **Supporting** funded research teams with engagement resources, tools and training
- **Monitoring** research project to ensure ongoing and meaningful engagement throughout the research project
- **Gathering** promising engagement practices and examples of impact of engagement in the research project
- **Sharing** with other Awardees and the broader research community



# Engagement Officers: Update

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## Engagement Officers:

- Chinenye Anyanwu: Clinical Effectiveness Research
- Michelle Johnston-Fleece: Improving Healthcare Systems
- Jaye Bea Smalley: Methods and Infrastructure
- Lisa Stewart: Addressing Disparities

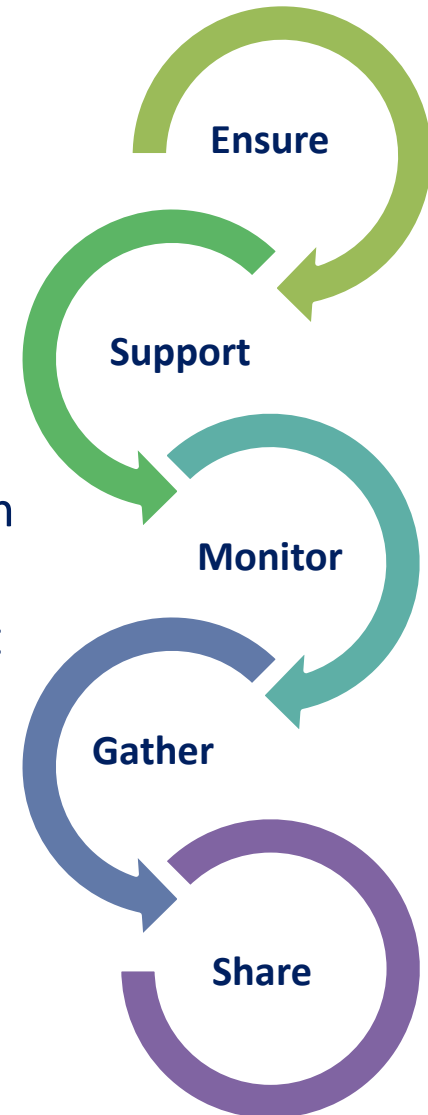
## Refined approach:

- Focus on pragmatic clinical studies and targeted studies
- 44 PCS and targeted projects funded to date:
  - Appropriate patient/stakeholder organizational partnerships and budgets to support engagement plans
  - Attend in-person kick-off meetings inclusive of patient/stakeholders
- Consultative role for broad portfolio



# Engagement Officers: Next Steps

- Develop new awardee cohort orientation
- Develop engagement webinar series to address needs of PCOR community and Awardees
- Author/co-author publications, blogs, abstracts; conduct presentations
- Contribute to national initiatives that promote engagement in research
- Develop and gather existing patient/stakeholder engagement trainings and tools
- Collect and archive promising practices from research portfolio
- Continue to monitor and support portfolio through consultations, kick-offs and site visits



# Engagement Officer: Metrics

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- Pre- and post-tests on webinars to assess learning of participants
- Number of external communications (presentations, blogs, publications, etc.) sharing promising engagement practices, impact of engagement and other knowledge
- Downloads of PCORI engagement tools and training materials



# Engagement Officer: Small Group Discussion Questions

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- How do the Engagement Officers map to the current evaluation models?
- What potential evaluation questions and metrics could we add to the evaluation models to more effectively demonstrate the value of the Engagement Officers in:
  - Developing a PCOR community?
  - Engaging the community in research?
  - Influencing others to be more patient-centered?





# Compensation Framework

**Charlotte Collins, JD**

Chair, Advisory Panel on Patient Engagement

**Suzanne Schrandt, JD**

Deputy Director of Patient Engagement

# The Compensation Framework: Purpose

The purpose of the Compensation Framework is to ensure fair financial compensation to patients, caregivers and patient/caregiver organizations who contribute time and effort to the planning, conduct and dissemination of research



# The Compensation Framework: Update

- The Compensation Framework was first posted in June of 2015
- It is posted on the Engagement landing page as well as on the funding center page for any funding announcement
- Since posting the Compensation Framework, we have also updated the budgeting documents corresponding to the PFAs so that applicants are triggered to more appropriately budget for engagement
- Compensation Framework has been shared in various presentations and webinars
- We share the Compensation Framework with other agencies and organizations when they recruit Ambassadors and encourage others to compensate patients



# The Compensation Framework: Next Steps

- Additional tool is being created so that our contracts administrators will be alerted when engagement is not budgeted appropriately
- Further analysis needed on our compensation data and trends



# The Compensation Framework: Metrics

- Data on number and amount of compensation provided to patient partners across portfolio
- National Urban Fellow conducting analysis on trends in compensation and if it impacts level and success of engagement
- Uptake of compensation framework by other organizations engaging patients in their work



# The Compensation Framework:

## Small Group Discussion Questions

- How does the Compensation Framework “map” to the current evaluation models?
- What potential evaluation questions and metrics could we add to the evaluation models to more effectively demonstrate the value of this framework in:
  - Developing a PCOR community?
  - Engaging the community in research?
  - Influencing others to be more patient-centered?



# Current Patient/Caregiver Partners in the Research Portfolio

**Sue Sheridan, MIM, MBA, DHL**

Director of Patient Engagement



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# Current Patient/Caregiver Partners in Research Portfolio: Purpose

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## Purpose:

- To influence research to be patient-centered, relevant, and useful
- To establish trust and a sense of legitimacy in research findings
- To encourage successful uptake and use of research results
- To share promising practices, barriers and facilitators, stories and perceptions of patient engagement in research



# Current Patient/Caregiver Partners in Research Portfolio: Update

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The total number of patients/caregivers involved (individuals and organizations)

- Research Portfolio—1226
- Approximately 310 of the 1226 are organizations



# Current Patient/Caregiver Partners in Research Portfolio: Next Steps

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- Continue training and capacity building:
  - Team science
  - PCOR/CER 101
  - Engagement Rubric training
  - Enroll in Ambassador community
- Collaborate with Evaluation Team and Dissemination Program area to mine portfolio to determine impact of engagement, promising practices, attitudes, facilitators and barriers, etc.



# Current Patient/Caregiver Partners in Research Portfolio: Metrics

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## Current Efforts to Evaluate (and learn from) Engagement in Research

- WE-ENACT survey tool:
  - **Who** was engaged in your project (stakeholder communities represented),
  - **When** they were involved (which parts of the research process),
  - **How** they were engaged (what approaches you used and the level of engagement),
  - **How much** influence they had, and
  - **What** they did and what impact this had on the project
  - (Currently the PI submits survey and nomination of patient and/or stakeholder partners is voluntary)
- Interim Progress Reports
  - Submitted by PI
- Engagement Officers



# Proposed Questions from the PEAP to Understand the Perspectives of the Engaged Partners

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- Do you feel that your input was welcome?
- Do you feel that you had ample opportunity to present your views/opinions?
- Do you feel that your views/opinions was considered seriously?
- Do you feel that you received adequate training and support to participate effectively?
- Do you feel that you were treated as an equal by other members of the study team?



# Proposed Questions from the PEAP to Understand the Perspectives of Engaged Partners

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- Do you feel that the study team has adequately sought the input from you or other patient representatives (including patients, patient advocates and caregivers)?
- Do you feel that the study is designed to address the needs of patients?
- Do you feel that the way the study is being conducted is patient-centered?
- Do you feel that discussions/decisions about the study design were conducted with adequate transparency and respect?



## Current Patient/Caregiver Partners in Research Portfolio: Small Group Discussion Questions

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- How does the current patient/caregiver partner community map to the evaluation models?
- What potential evaluation questions and metrics could we add to the evaluation models to more effectively demonstrate the value of the patient/caregiver partner community in:
  - Developing a PCOR community?
  - Engaging the community in research?
  - Influencing others to be more patient-centered?





# Small Group Breakouts #1

## Main Conference Room

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- **Model for Evaluating the Impact of PCORI: What is the Effect of PCORI's Approach to Developing a PCOR Community?**
- Charlotte W. Collins, JD (Chair)
- Regina Greer-Smith, MPH, FACHE
- Bruce L. Hanson, MDiv
- Lorraine Johnson, JD, MBA
- Julie Ginn Moretz, BS
- Sally Okun, BSN, RN, MMHS
- Kristin Carman, MA, PhD



# Small Group Breakouts #2

Conference Room D

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- **Model for Evaluating Engagement in Research: What is the Effect of Engagement in Research?**
- Jane Perlmutter, PhD, MBA
- Philip Posner, PhD
- Darius Tandon, PhD (Co-Chair)
- Veronica Todaro, MPH
- Amy L. Kratchman
- Jimmy Lin, MD, PhD, MHS
- Mark Mishra, MD



# Small Group Breakouts #3

## Huddle Room

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- **Model for Evaluating the Overall Impact of PCORI: How Does PCORI's' Work Influence Others?**
- Steven I. Blum, MBA
- Marc Boutin, JD
- Anjum Khurshid, PhD
- Bennett Levitan, MD, PhD
- Kim McCleary
- Sara Traigle van Geertruyden, JD
- Perry Cohen, PhD



# **Report Out and Synthesizing Recommendations to PCORI Board of Governors' Evaluation Committee for Proposed New Evaluation and Measures on Engagement at PCORI**



# Salesforce Chatter

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**Rachel Melo**

Executive Assistant



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# Wrap-up, Next steps, and Reflections



*Thank you*  
and  
*Safe Travels*